

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June-July 2009
Network Analysis

Time: 3 hrs.**Max. Marks: 100****Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.**

- Q1.** a. Determine R_{AB} in the network shown in figure Q1 (a). (06 Marks)

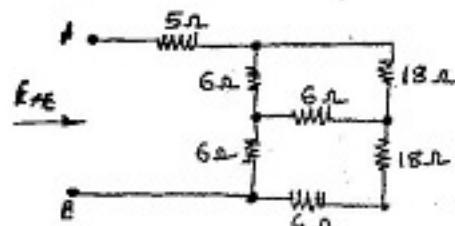


Fig. Q1 (a)

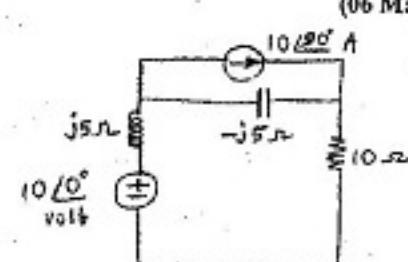


Fig. Q1 (b)

- b. By Source transformation find current in 10Ω resistor in figure Q1 (b). (06 Marks)

- c. Find current in 30Ω resistance using Mesh analysis in figure Q1 (c). (08 Marks)

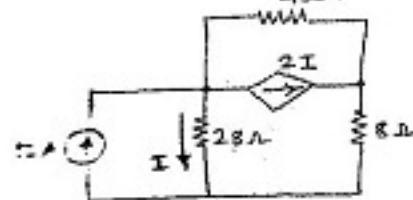


Fig. Q1 (c)

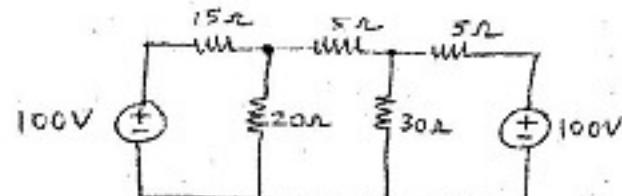


Fig. Q2 (a)

- Q2.** a. Find current I using Mesh analysis in figure Q2 (a). (06 Marks)

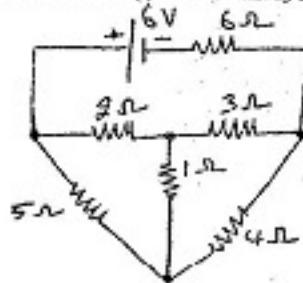


Fig. Q2 (b)

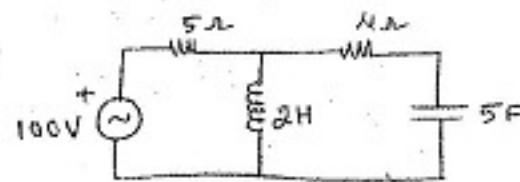


Fig. Q2 (c)

- b. Write the oriented graph and write tieset schedule, for the network in figure Q2 (b). (06 Marks)

- c. Explain duality in electric networks. Write the dual of the network shown in figure Q2 (c). (08 Marks)

- Q3.** a. State superposition theorem. Find current in 3Ω resistances by superposition theorem in figure Q3 (a). (06 Marks)

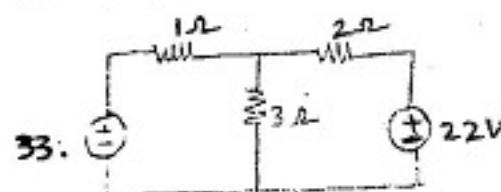


Fig. Q3 (a)

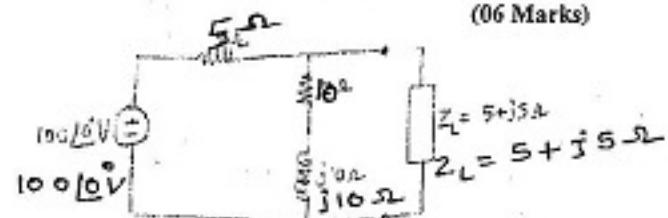


Fig. Q3 (b)

- b. Find current in Z_L using Thevenin's theorem in the circuit in figure Q3 (b). (06 Marks)

- 3 c. State and prove Reciprocity theorem in the circuit in figure Q3 (c).

(08 Marks)

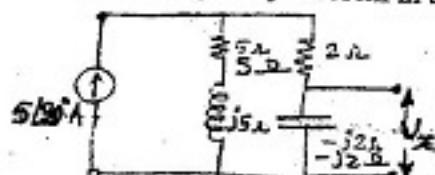


Fig. Q3 (c)

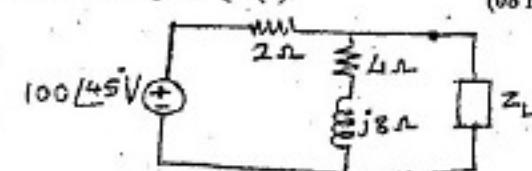


Fig. Q4 (b)

- 4 a. State and prove maximum power transfer theorem in AC circuits. (10 Marks)
 b. In the circuit in figure Q4 (b) find the load impedance Z_L for which the power transfer is maximum. Also calculate the maximum power transferred. (10 Marks)
- 5 a. Derive the expressions for i) Resonant frequency ii) Half power frequencies iii) Quality factor in R-L-C series circuit. (10 Marks)
 b. A series resonant circuit consists of $R = 50 \Omega$, $L = 0.2$ Henry and $C = 10 \mu\text{F}$ with an applied voltage of 20 V. Find the resonant frequency, Q factor and bandwidth of the circuit.
- 6 a. Explain the behaviour of the circuit elements during the process of switching at initial and final conditions. (10 Marks)
 b. Find i , $\frac{di}{dt}$ and $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$ at $t = 0^+$ when the switch K is closed at $t = 0$ in the circuit in figure Q6(b). (06 Marks)

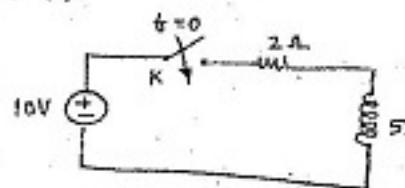


Fig. Q6 (b)

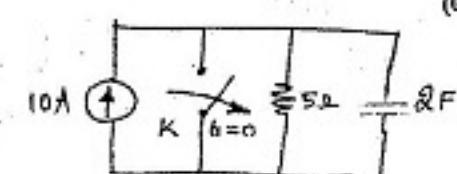


Fig. Q6 (c)

- c. Find V_c and $\frac{dV_c}{dt}$ at $t = 0^+$ when the switch K is opened at $t = 0$, in figure Q6(c).

- 7 a. Find the Laplace transform of the signal shown in figure Q7 (a). (08 Marks)
 (06 Marks)

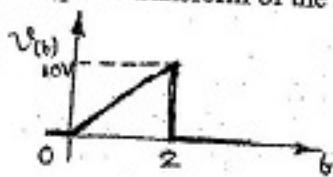


Fig. Q7 (a)

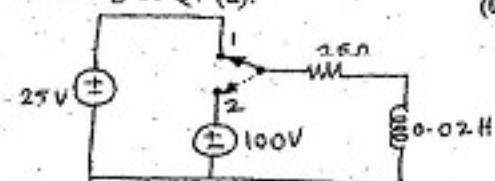


Fig. Q7 (c)

- b. State initial value and final value theorems. Find the initial value and final value of the functions if $F(s) = \frac{s^2 + 2s + 3}{s^3 + 4s^2 + 2s + 1}$. (06 Marks)

- c. Find the current $i(t)$ for $t > 0$ when the switch K is moved from position 1 to 2 at $t = 0$ assuming the switch K is assumed to be at position 1 for a long time. Refer figure Q7 (c).

- 8 a. Obtain Y parameters in terms of Z parameters. (08 Marks)
 b. Find Z parameters for the circuit in figure Q8 (b). Therefrom obtain Y parameters. (12 Marks)

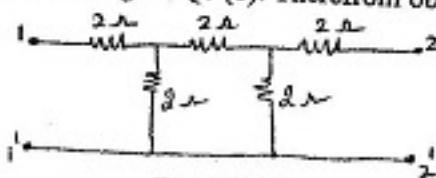


Fig. Q8 (b)